

## 1. General description

Planar passivated high commutation three quadrant triac in a SOT54 (TO-92) plastic package. This "series D" triac balances the requirements of commutation performance and gate sensitivity and is intended for interfacing with low power drivers and logic ICs including microcontrollers.

## 2. Features and benefits

- 3Q technology for improved noise immunity
- Direct gate triggering from low power drivers and logic ICs
- High commutation capability with very sensitive gate
- High voltage capability
- Planar passivated for voltage ruggedness and reliability
- Triggering in three quadrants only
- Very sensitive gate for easy logic level triggering

## 3. Applications

- Low power motor controls
- Small inductive loads e.g. solenoids, door locks, water valves
- Small loads in large white goods

## 4. Quick reference data

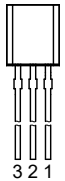
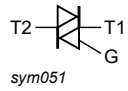
Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{DRM}$	repetitive peak off-state voltage		-	-	800	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{lead} \leq 70\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 1</a> ; <a href="#">Fig. 2</a> ; <a href="#">Fig. 3</a>	-	-	0.8	A
$I_{TSM}$	non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{j(init)} = 25\text{ °C}$ ; $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 4</a> ; <a href="#">Fig. 5</a>	-	-	9	A
		full sine wave; $T_{j(init)} = 25\text{ °C}$ ; $t_p = 16.7\text{ ms}$	-	-	9.9	A
$T_j$	junction temperature		-	-	125	°C
<b>Static characteristics</b>						
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2+ G+; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 7</a>	0.25	-	5	mA
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2+ G-; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 7</a>	0.25	-	5	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2- G-; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; Fig. 7	0.25	-	5	mA
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; Fig. 9	-	-	10	mA
$V_T$	on-state voltage	$I_T = 0.85\text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; Fig. 10	-	1.35	1.6	V
<b>Dynamic characteristics</b>						
$dV_D/dt$	rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 536\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ ; ( $V_{DM} = 67\%$ of $V_{DRM}$ ); exponential waveform; gate open circuit	200	-	-	V/ $\mu$ s
$dI_{com}/dt$	rate of change of commutating current	$V_D = 400\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ ; $I_{T(RMS)} = 0.8\text{ A}$ ; $dV_{com}/dt = 10\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ ; gate open circuit	0.5	-	-	A/ms

## 5. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning information

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	T2	main terminal 2	 <p>TO-92 (SOT54)</p>	 <p>sym051</p>
2	G	gate		
3	T1	main terminal 1		

## 6. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

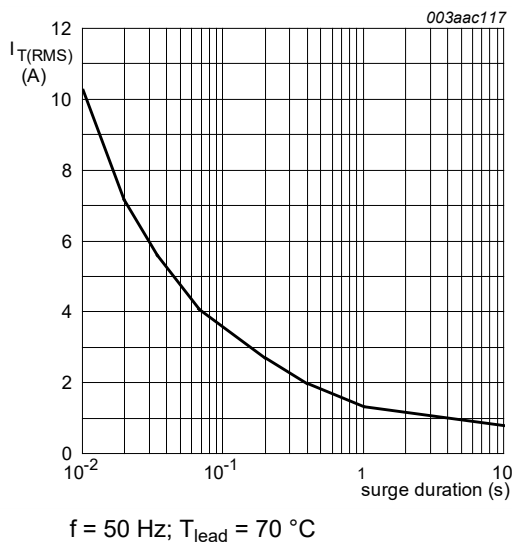
Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
T2008-800D	TO-92	plastic single-ended leaded (through hole) package; 3 leads	SOT54

## 7. Limiting values

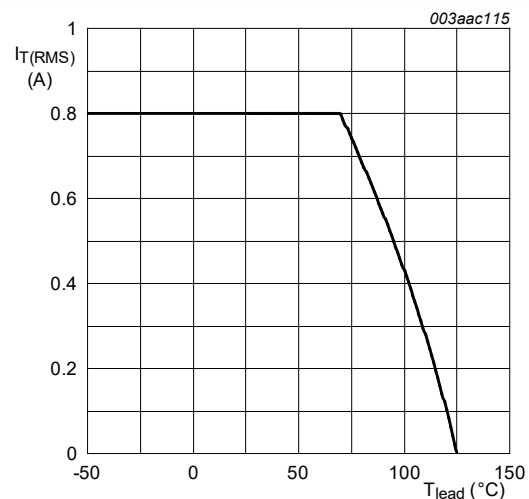
**Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DRM}$	repetitive peak off-state voltage		-	800	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{lead} \leq 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 1</a> ; <a href="#">Fig. 2</a> ; <a href="#">Fig. 3</a>	-	0.8	A
$I_{TSM}$	non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{j(init)} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 4</a> ; <a href="#">Fig. 5</a>	-	9	A
		full sine wave; $T_{j(init)} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $t_p = 16.7\text{ ms}$	-	9.9	A
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ for fusing	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ ; SIN	-	0.41	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$di_T/dt$	rate of rise of on-state current	$I_G = 20\text{ mA}$	-	100	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$I_{GM}$	peak gate current		-	1	A
$P_{GM}$	peak gate power		-	2	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	average gate power	over any 20 ms period	-	0.1	W
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$T_j$	junction temperature		-	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



**Fig. 1. RMS on-state current as a function of surge duration; maximum values**



**Fig. 2. RMS on-state current as a function of lead temperature; maximum values**

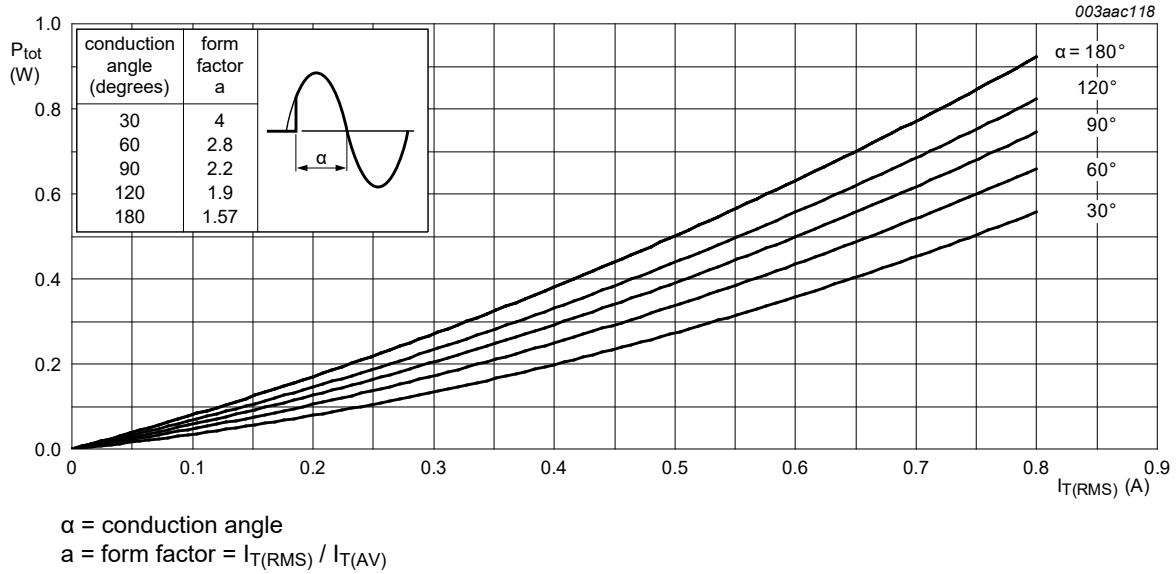


Fig. 3. Total power dissipation as a function of RMS on-state current; maximum values

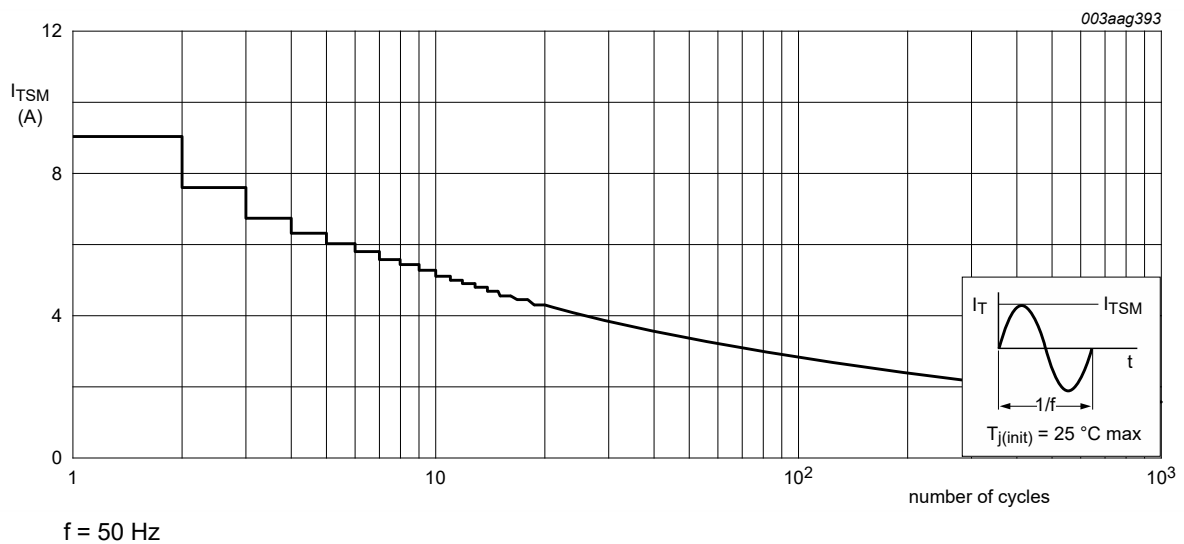


Fig. 4. Non-repetitive peak on-state current as a function of the number of sinusoidal current cycles; maximum values

## 8. Thermal characteristics

Table 5. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{th(j-lead)}$	thermal resistance from junction to lead	full cycle; <a href="#">Fig. 6</a>	-	-	60	K/W
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient free air	printed circuit board mounted: lead length = 4 mm	-	150	-	K/W

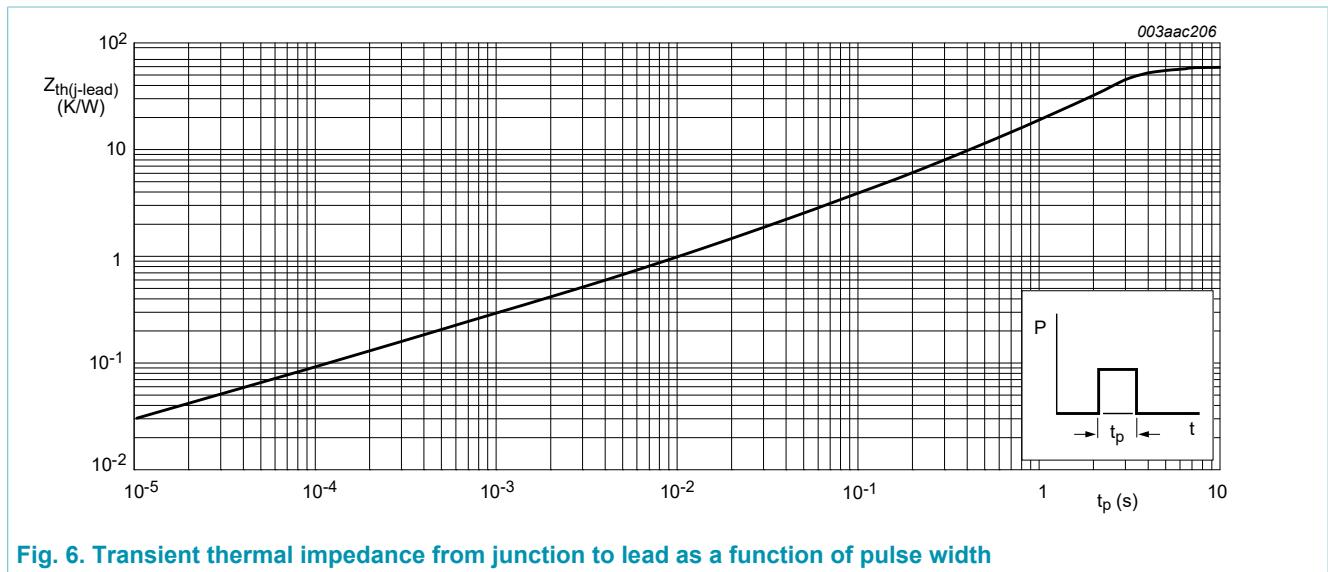
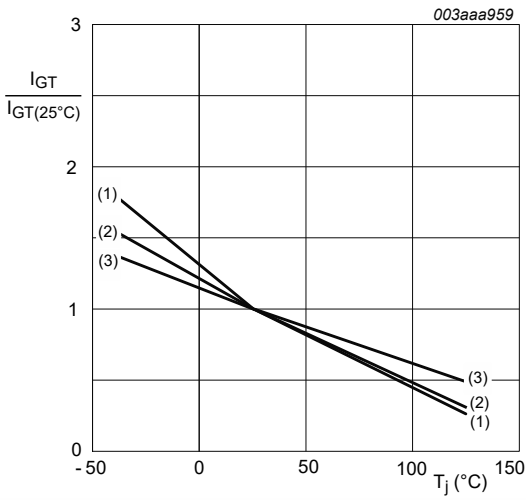


Fig. 6. Transient thermal impedance from junction to lead as a function of pulse width

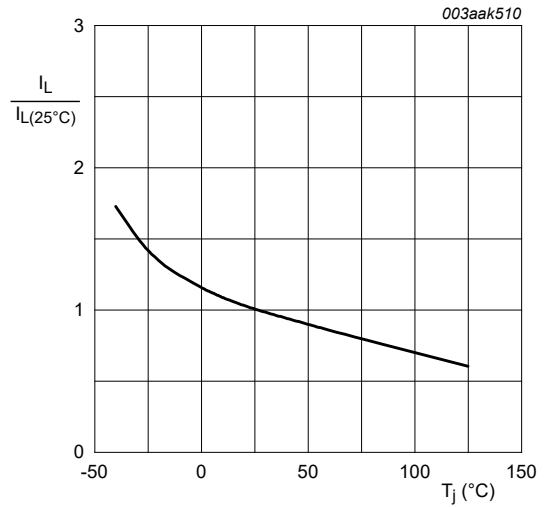
## 9. Characteristics

Table 6. Characteristics

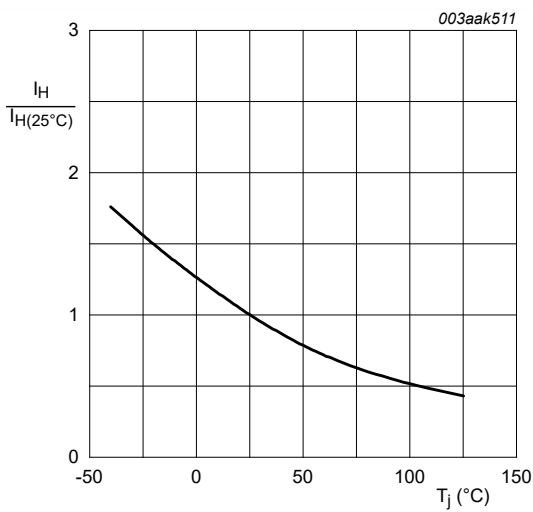
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Static characteristics</b>						
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2+ G+; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 7</a>	0.25	-	5	mA
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2+ G-; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 7</a>	0.25	-	5	mA
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2- G-; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 7</a>	0.25	-	5	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_G = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2+ G+; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 8</a>	-	-	10	mA
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_G = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2+ G-; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 8</a>	-	-	20	mA
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_G = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; T2- G-; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 8</a>	-	-	10	mA
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 9</a>	-	-	10	mA
$V_T$	on-state voltage	$I_T = 0.85\text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 10</a>	-	1.35	1.6	V
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 11</a>	-	0.9	1.5	V
		$V_D = 400\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ ; <a href="#">Fig. 11</a>	0.2	0.3	-	V
$I_D$	off-state current	$V_D = 800\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$	-	0.1	0.5	mA
<b>Dynamic characteristics</b>						
$dV_D/dt$	rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 536\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ ; ( $V_{DM} = 67\%$ of $V_{DRM}$ ); exponential waveform; gate open circuit	200	-	-	V/ $\mu$ s
$dI_{com}/dt$	rate of change of commutating current	$V_D = 400\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ ; $I_{T(RMS)} = 0.8\text{ A}$ ; $dV_{com}/dt = 10\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ ; gate open circuit	0.5	-	-	A/ms



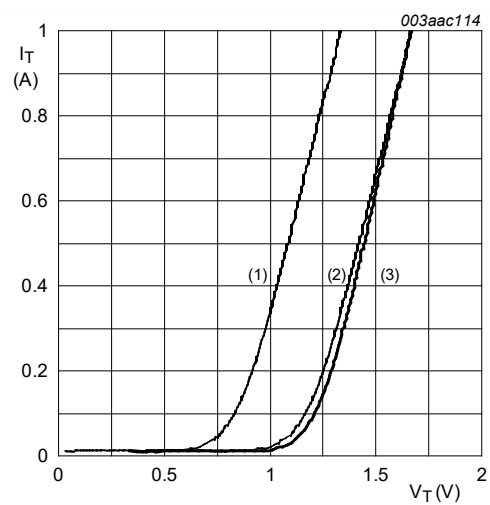
**Fig. 7. Normalized gate trigger current as a function of junction temperature**



**Fig. 8. Normalized latching current as a function of junction temperature**



**Fig. 9. Normalized holding current as a function of junction temperature**



$V_o = 0.835 \text{ V}; R_s = 0.50 \Omega$

- (1)  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values
- (2)  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ; maximum values
- (3)  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; maximum values

**Fig. 10. On-state current as a function of on-state voltage**

## 10. Package outline

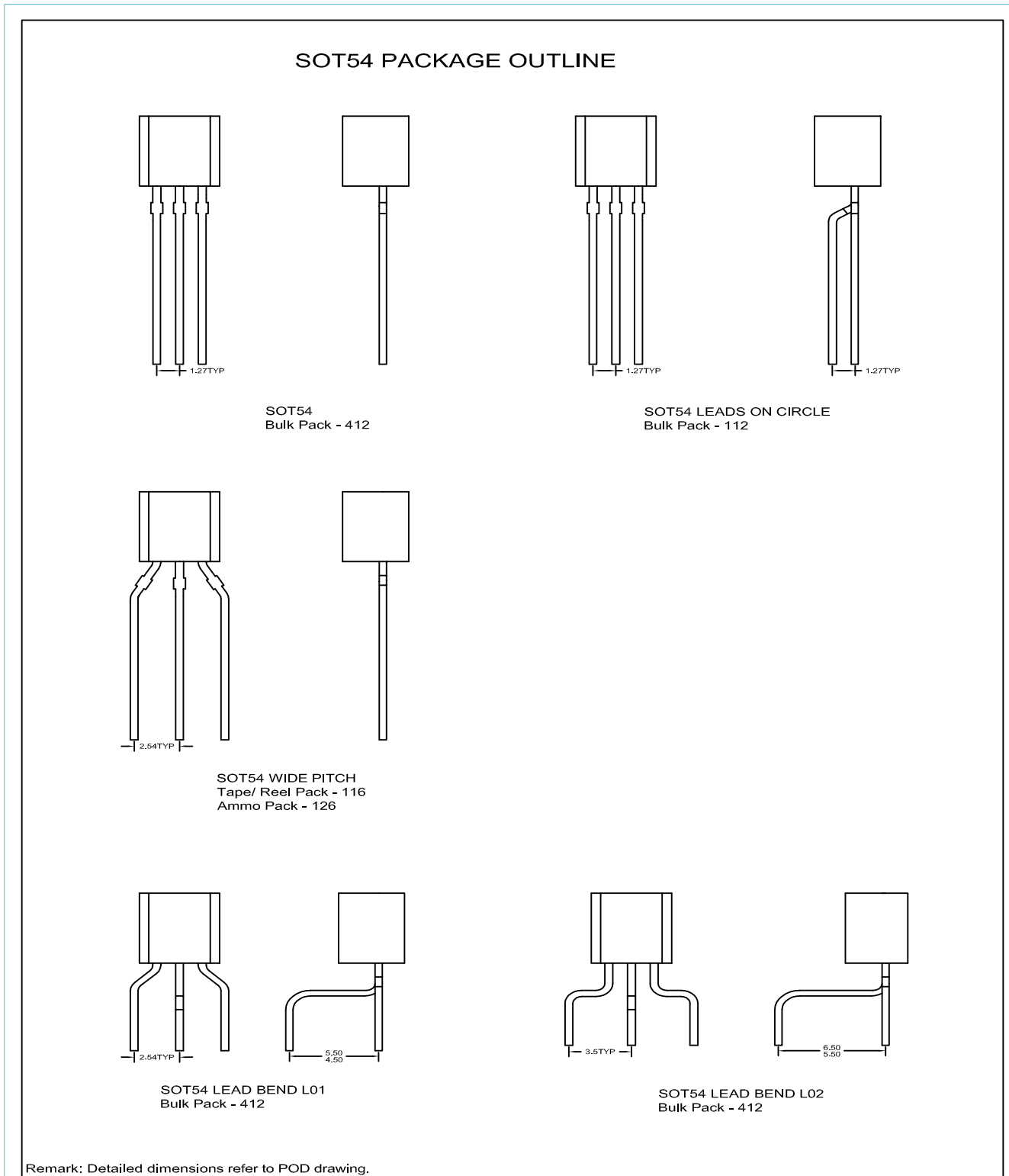


Fig. 12. Package outline TO-92 (SOT54)

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