

1. General description

Silicon Carbide Schottky diode in a TO263 (D2PAK) plastic package, designed for high frequency switched-mode power supplies.

2. Features and benefits

- Highly stable switching performance
- High forward surge capability I_{FSM}
- Extremely fast reverse recovery time
- Superior in efficiency to Silicon Diode alternatives
- Reduced losses in associated MOSFET
- Reduced EMI
- Reduced cooling requirements
- RoHS compliant

3. Applications

- Power factor correction
- Telecom / Server SMPS
- UPS
- PV inverter
- PC Silverbox
- LED / OLED TV
- Motor Drives

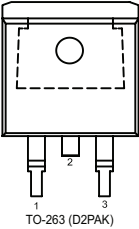

4. Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Values			Unit
Absolute maximum rating						
V_{RRM}	repetitive peak reverse voltage		650			V
$I_{F(AV)}$	average forward current	$\delta = 0.5$; square-wave pulse; $T_{mb} \leq 106$ °C; Fig. 1 ; Fig. 2 ; Fig. 3	12			A
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Static characteristics						
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 12$ A; $T_j = 25$ °C; Fig. 5	-	1.5	1.7	V
		$I_F = 12$ A; $T_j = 150$ °C; Fig. 5	-	1.8	2.1	V

5. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning information

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	n.c.	not connected	 <p>TO-263 (D2PAK)</p>	 <p>K — — A 001aaa020</p>
2	K	cathode		
3	A	anode		
mb	K	mounting base; connected to cathode		

[1] It is not possible to connect to pin 2 of the TO263 package.

6. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package name	Orderable part number	Packing method	Small packing quantity	Package version	Package issue date
GKTSC12650B	TO263	GKTSC12650B6J	Reel	800	TO263N	25-Sep-2015

7. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes

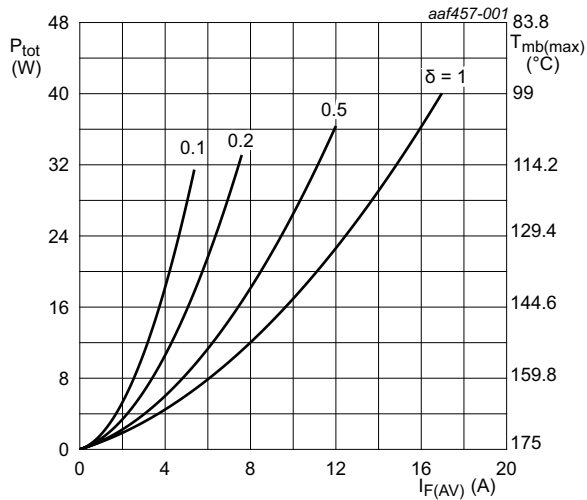
Type number	Marking codes
GKTSC12650B	GKTSC 12650B

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Values	Unit
V_{RRM}	repetitive peak reverse voltage		650	V
V_{RWM}	crest working reverse voltage		650	V
V_R	reverse voltage	DC	650	V
$I_{F(AV)}$	average forward current	$\delta = 0.5$; square-wave pulse; $T_{mb} \leq 106 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Fig. 1 ; Fig. 2 ; Fig. 3	12	A
I_{FRM}	repetitive peak forward current	$\delta = 0.5$; $t_p = 25 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$; square-wave pulse	24	A
I_{FSM}	non-repetitive peak forward current	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$; $T_{j(\text{init})} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; sine-wave pulse	72	A
		$t_p = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$; $T_{j(\text{init})} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; square-wave pulse	620	A
I^2t	I^2t for fusing	sine-wave pulse; $T_{j(\text{init})} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	26	A^2s
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_j	junction temperature		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



$$I_{F(AV)} = I_{F(RMS)} \times \sqrt{\delta}$$

$$V_o = 0.740 \text{ V}; R_s = 0.0955 \text{ } \Omega$$

Fig. 1. Forward power dissipation as a function of average forward current; square waveform; maximum values

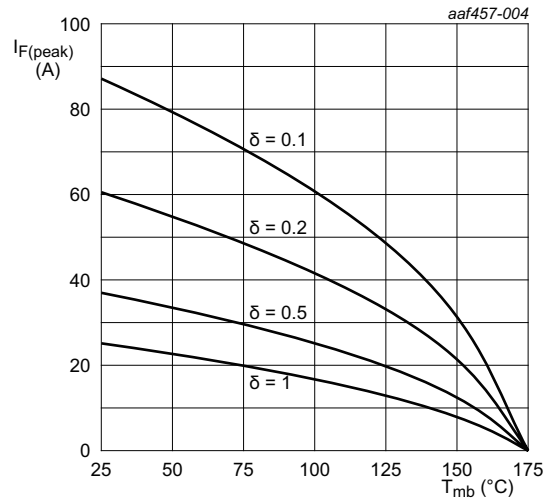


Fig. 2. Current derating as a function of mounting base temperature

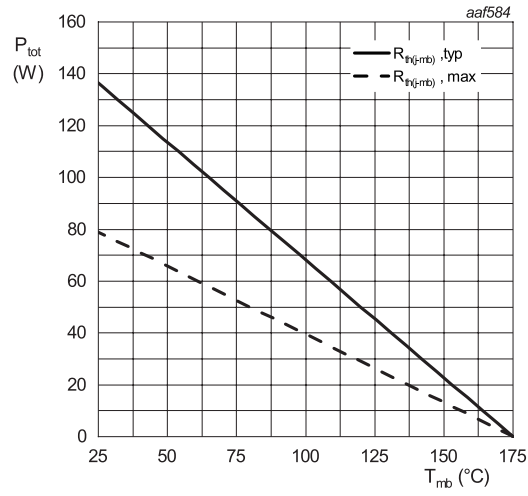


Fig. 3. Total power dissipation as a function of mounting base temperature

9. Thermal characteristics

Table 6. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{th(j-mb)}$	thermal resistance from junction to mounting base	with heatsink compound; Fig. 4	-	1.1	1.9	K/W
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient free air	in free air	-	50	-	K/W

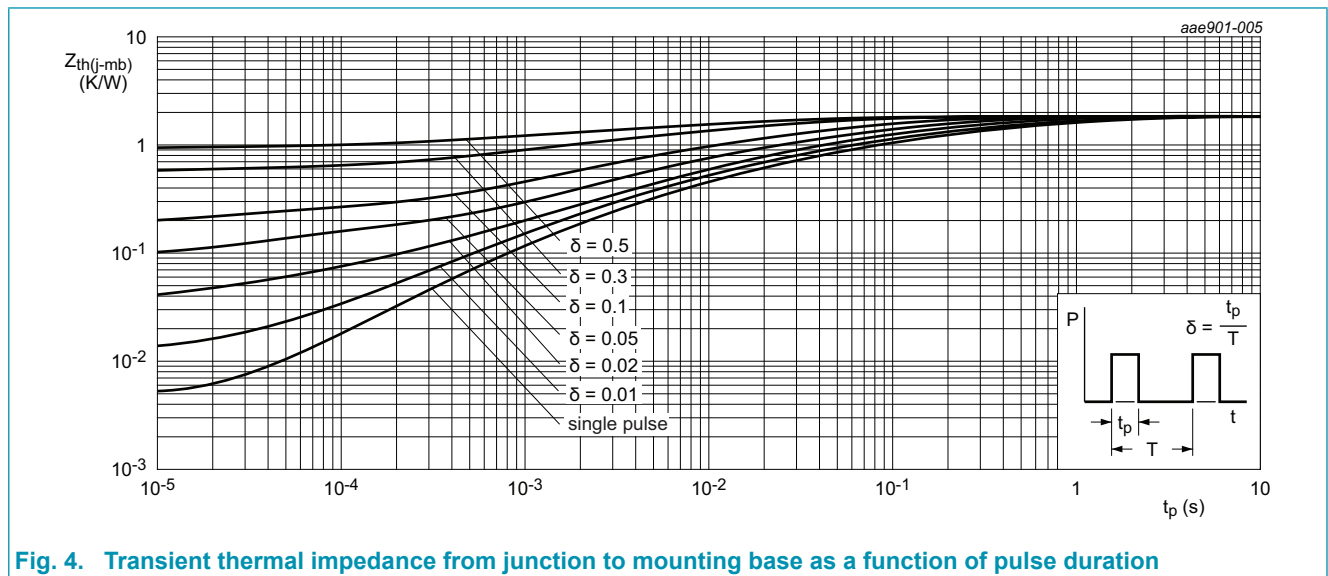
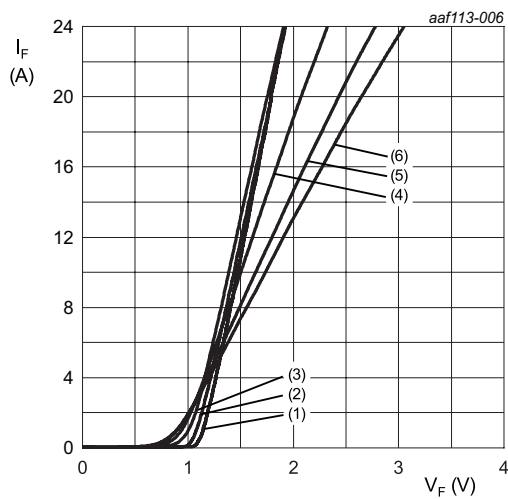


Fig. 4. Transient thermal impedance from junction to mounting base as a function of pulse duration

10. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Static characteristics						
I_F	forward current	$I_F = 12 \text{ A}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{ Fig. 5}$	-	1.5	1.7	V
		$I_F = 12 \text{ A}; T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{ Fig. 5}$	-	1.8	2.1	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 650 \text{ V}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{ Fig. 6}$	-	-	80	μA
		$V_R = 650 \text{ V}; T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{ Fig. 6}$	-	-	320	μA
Dynamic characteristics						
Q_r	recovered charge	$I_F = 12 \text{ A}; V_R = 400 \text{ V}; di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}; \text{ Fig. 7}$	-	18	-	nC
C_d	diode capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_R = 1 \text{ V}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	380	-	pF
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_R = 300 \text{ V}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	60	-	pF
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_R = 600 \text{ V}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	58	-	pF
E_{as}	non-repetitive avalanche energy	$I_R = 6 \text{ A}; L = 5 \text{ mH}; T_{j(\text{init})} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	90	-	-	mJ



$V_o = 0.740 \text{ V}; R_s = 0.0955 \text{ } \Omega$
 (1) $T_j = -55 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; typical values
 (2) $T_j = 0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; typical values
 (3) $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; typical values
 (4) $T_j = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; typical values
 (5) $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; typical values
 (6) $T_j = 175 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; typical values

Fig. 5. Forward current as a function of forward voltage; typical values

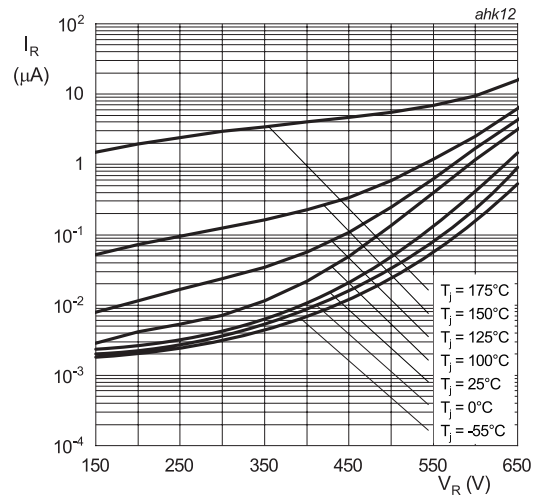


Fig. 6. Reverse leakage current as a function of reverse voltage; typical value

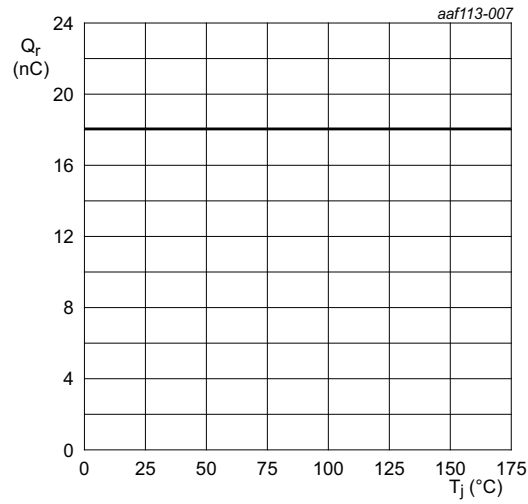
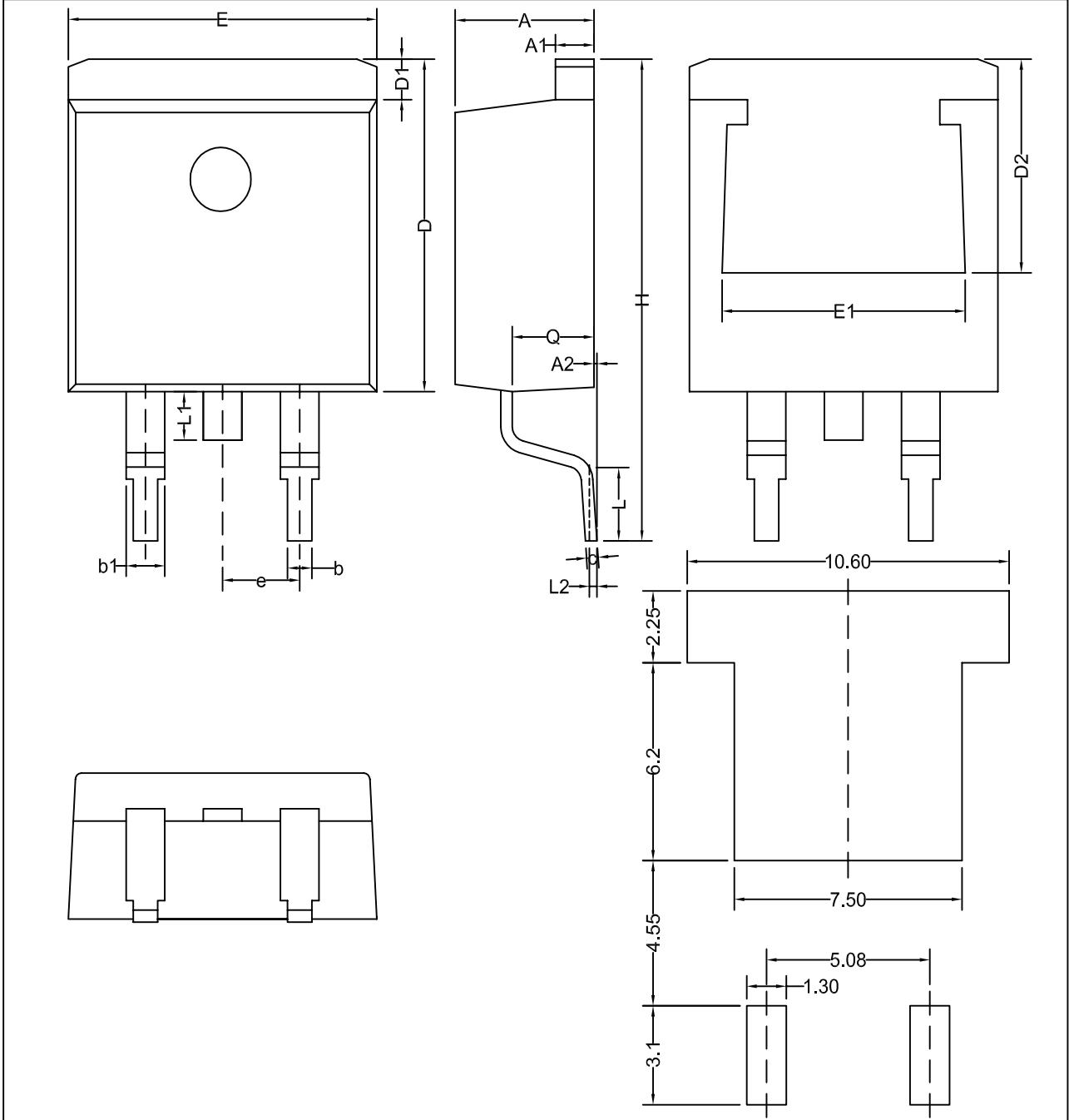


Fig. 7. Recovered charge as a function of junction temperature

11. Package outline

Plastic single-ended surface-mounted package (D2PAK); 3 leads (one lead cropped) TO263



Recommended Footprint

Unit	A	A1	A2	b	b1	c	D	D1	D2	e	E	E1	H	L	L1	L2	Q
min	4.10	1.22	0.00	0.60	1.05	0.34	---	1.20	6.60	2.54 (BSC)	9.70	7.80	14.80	2.10	---	0.25 (BSC)	2.20
max	4.70	1.40	0.25	0.90	1.45	0.64	11.00	1.60	---	---	10.30	---	15.80	2.90	1.75	---	2.79

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